Component Description

Hardol and similar soils

Landform: Backslopes of mountains

Slope: 15 to 50 percent

Parent material: Residuum and colluvium derived from limestone and dolomite

Typical vegetation: Letterman needlegrass, Columbia needlegrass, mountain brome, slender wheatgrass, spike fescue, other perennial grasses, bluebunch wheatgrass, other perennial forbs, Utah serviceberry, mountain big sagebrush, other shrubs, snowberry

Typical profile:

Layer 1—0 to 8 inches; very gravelly silt loam

Layer 2—8 to 33 inches; extremely gravelly silt loam

Layer 3—33 to 60 inches; extremely gravelly loam

See "Chemical Soil Properties" table and the "Physical Soil Properties" table for more information.

Component Properties and Qualities

Runoff: High

Saturated hydraulic conductivity class (root zone): Moderately High, (Permeability class: Moderate)

Available water capacity: About 4 inches

Present flooding: None Present ponding: None

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Interpretive Groups

Nonirrigated land capability: 7s

Ecological site: R028BY085NV—Calcareous loam 16+ P.Z.

Typical soil descriptions including ranges in characteristics are in the "Classification of the Soils" section.

Contrasting Inclusions

Onkeyo and similar soils

Composition: 0 to 4 percent Slope: 15 to 50 percent Landform: Mountains

Typical vegetation: Indian ricegrass, other perennial grasses, other perennial forbs, mountain big sagebrush, bluebunch

wheatgrass, antelope bitterbrush, other shrubs

Ecological site: R028BY079NV—Shallow loam 10-14 P.Z.

Adobe and similar soils

Composition: 0 to 4 percent Slope: 30 to 50 percent Landform: Mountains

Typical vegetation: Bluebunch wheatgrass, black sagebrush

Ecological site: R028BY027NV—Shallow calcareous slope 14+ P.Z.

Haunchee and similar soils

Composition: 0 to 4 percent Slope: 15 to 50 percent

Landform: Backslopes of upper mountains

Typical vegetation: Needlegrass, Indian ricegrass, needleandthread, muttongrass, other perennial grasses, bluebunch wheatgrass, other perennial forbs, mountain big sagebrush, curlleaf mountainmahogany, other shrubs, snowberry

Ecological site: R028BY032NV—Stony mahogany savanna

186 Soil Survey of

Pharo and similar soils

Composition: 0 to 2 percent Slope: 15 to 50 percent Landform: Mountains

Typical vegetation: Forest canopy—white fir Forest understory—muttongrass, other perennial grasses, bluebunch wheatgrass, other perennial forbs, goldenweed, mountain big sagebrush, Oregongrape, other shrubs, white fir, limber

pine, Great Basin bristlecone pine

Ecological site: F028BY049NV

Kolda and similar soils

Composition: 0 to 1 percent Slope: 0 to 2 percent Landform: Lake plains

Typical vegetation: Sedge, rush, basin wildrye, mat muhly, alkali bluegrass, Nevada bluegrass, other perennial grasses,

other perennial forbs, other shrubs

Ecological site: R028BY001NV-Wet meadow 10-14 P.Z.

Management

For information about managing this map unit, see the following sections and associated tables of this publication:

"Range" section

"Forest land" section

"Crops and Pasture" section

"Engineering" and "Soil Properties" sections

1340—Heist association

Map Unit Setting

MLRA: 28A

Landscape: Fan piedmont Elevation: 5,950 to 7,050 Precipitation: 8 to 12 inches

Air temperature: 46 to 50 degrees Fahrenheit

Frost-free period: 100 to 135 days

Composition

Heist loamy sand, 2 to 8 percent slopes—45 percent Heist loamy sand, moist, 0 to 4 percent slopes—40 percent Ravendog loam, 0 to 4 percent slopes—8 percent Ravendog loam, 4 to 15 percent slopes—7 percent

Component Description

Heist and similar soils

Landform: Fan skirts Slope: 2 to 8 percent

Parent material: Alluvium derived from welded tuff and some limestone

Typical vegetation: Indian ricegrass, needleandthread, galleta, other perennial grasses, other perennial forbs, Wyoming big sagebrush, spiny hopsage, winterfat, other shrubs

Typical profile:

Layer 1—0 to 8 inches; loamy sand Layer 2—8 to 20 inches; fine sandy loam Layer 3—20 to 60 inches; fine sandy loam See "Chemical Soil Properties" table and the "Physical Soil Properties" table for more information.

Component Properties and Qualities

Runoff: Very low

Saturated hydraulic conductivity class (root zone): High, (Permeability class: Moderately rapid)

Available water capacity: About 6 inches

Present flooding: None Present ponding: None

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Interpretive Groups

Nonirrigated land capability: 7e

Ecological site: R028AY015NV—Loamy 8-10 P.Z.

Component Description

Heist and similar soils

Landform: Fan skirts Slope: 0 to 4 percent

Parent material: Alluvium derived from welded tuff and some limestone

Typical vegetation: Indian ricegrass, thickspike wheatgrass, needleandthread, basin wildrye, other perennial grasses,

other perennial forbs, Wyoming big sagebrush, winterfat, other shrubs

Typical profile:

Layer 1—0 to 8 inches; loamy sand Layer 2—8 to 20 inches; fine sandy loam Layer 3—20 to 60 inches; fine sandy loam

See "Chemical Soil Properties" table and the "Physical Soil Properties" table for more information.

Component Properties and Qualities

Runoff: Very low

Saturated hydraulic conductivity class (root zone): High, (Permeability class: Moderately rapid)

Available water capacity: About 6 inches

Present flooding: None Present ponding: None

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Interpretive Groups

Nonirrigated land capability: 7e

Ecological site: R028AY031NV-Loamy fan 8-10 P.Z.

Typical soil descriptions including ranges in characteristics are in the "Classification of the Soils" section.

Contrasting Inclusions

Ravendog and similar soils

Composition: 0 to 8 percent Slope: 0 to 4 percent Landform: Drainageways

Typical vegetation: Other perennial forbs, Wyoming big sagebrush, other shrubs, Indian ricegrass, needleandthread, other

perennial grasses, bluebunch wheatgrass Ecological site: R028AY095NV—Loamy 10-12 P.Z.

Ravendog and similar soils

Composition: 0 to 7 percent

Slope: 4 to 15 percent Landform: Drainageways

Typical vegetation: Indian ricegrass, thickspike wheatgrass, needleandthread, basin wildrye, other perennial grasses,

other perennial forbs, Wyoming big sagebrush, winterfat, other shrubs

Ecological site: R028AY031NV—Loamy fan 8-10 P.Z.

Management

For information about managing this map unit, see the following sections and associated tables of this publication:

"Range" section

"Engineering" and "Soil Properties" sections

1350—Heist-Chuffa association

Map Unit Setting

MLRA: 28A Landscape:

Elevation: 6,000 to 6,150 Precipitation: 8 to 10 inches

Air temperature: 46 to 50 degrees Fahrenheit

Frost-free period: 100 to 135 days

Composition

Heist loamy sand, 0 to 2 percent slopes—65 percent Chuffa silt loam, dry, 0 to 2 percent slopes—20 percent Kunzler loamy sand, 0 to 2 percent slopes—4 percent Oupico sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes—4 percent Linoyer very fine sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes—3 percent Springbar sandy loam, 0 to 4 percent slopes—2 percent Veet very gravelly sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes—2 percent

Component Description

Heist and similar soils

Landform: Fan skirts Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Parent material: Alluvium derived from welded tuff and some limestone

Typical vegetation: Indian ricegrass, needleandthread, galleta, other perennial grasses, other perennial forbs, Wyoming big sagebrush, spiny hopsage, winterfat, other shrubs

Typical profile:

Layer 1—0 to 8 inches; loamy sand Layer 2—8 to 20 inches; fine sandy loam Layer 3—20 to 60 inches; fine sandy loam

See "Chemical Soil Properties" table and the "Physical Soil Properties" table for more information.

Component Properties and Qualities

Runoff: Very low

Saturated hydraulic conductivity class (root zone): High, (Permeability class: Moderately rapid)

Available water capacity: About 6 inches

Present flooding: None Present ponding: None

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Interpretive Groups

Nonirrigated land capability: 7e

Ecological site: R028AY015NV—Loamy 8-10 P.Z.

Component Description

Chuffa and similar soils

Landform: Fan skirts Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Parent material: Alluvium over lacustrine deposits from mixed rock sources

Typical vegetation: Bottlebrush squirreltail, Sandberg bluegrass, other perennial grasses, other perennial forbs, Wyoming

big sagebrush, greenmolly kochia, other shrubs

Typical profile:

Layer 1—0 to 3 inches; silt loam Layer 2—3 to 13 inches; silt loam Layer 3—13 to 60 inches; silt loam

See "Chemical Soil Properties" table and the "Physical Soil Properties" table for more information.

Component Properties and Qualities

Runoff: Low

Saturated hydraulic conductivity class (root zone): Moderately High, (Permeability class: Moderately slow)

Available water capacity: About 12 inches

Present flooding: None Present ponding: None

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Interpretive Groups

Nonirrigated land capability: 6c

Ecological site: R028AY001NV—Silt flat

Typical soil descriptions including ranges in characteristics are in the "Classification of the Soils" section.

Contrasting Inclusions

Kunzler and similar soils

Composition: 0 to 4 percent Slope: 0 to 2 percent Landform: Fan skirts

Typical vegetation: Indian ricegrass, needleandthread, galleta, other perennial grasses, other perennial forbs, Wyoming

big sagebrush, spiny hopsage, winterfat, other shrubs

Ecological site: R028AY015NV-Loamy 8-10 P.Z.

Oupico and similar soils

Composition: 0 to 4 percent Slope: 0 to 2 percent Landform: Fan skirts

Typical vegetation: Indian ricegrass, needleandthread, galleta, other perennial grasses, other perennial forbs, Wyoming

big sagebrush, spiny hopsage, winterfat, other shrubs

Ecological site: R028AY015NV-Loamy 8-10 P.Z.

Linoyer and similar soils

Composition: 0 to 3 percent Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Landform: Stream terraces

Typical vegetation: Indian ricegrass, bottlebrush squirreltail, other perennial grasses, other perennial forbs, bud

sagebrush, fourwing saltbush, winterfat, other shrubs

Ecological site: R028AY030NV—Silty 8-10 P.Z.

Springbar and similar soils

Composition: 0 to 2 percent Slope: 0 to 4 percent

Landform: Longshore bar (relict)s

Typical vegetation: Fourwing saltbush, Indian ricegrass, thickspike wheatgrass, needleandthread, other perennial

grasses, other perennial forbs, Wyoming big sagebrush, winterfat, other shrubs

Ecological site: R028AY005NV-Sandy 8-10 P.Z.

Veet and similar soils

Composition: 0 to 2 percent Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Landform: Barrier beach (relict)s

Typical vegetation: Indian ricegrass, needleandthread, galleta, other perennial grasses, other perennial forbs, Wyoming

big sagebrush, spiny hopsage, winterfat, other shrubs

Ecological site: R028AY015NV—Loamy 8-10 P.Z.

Management

For information about managing this map unit, see the following sections and associated tables of this publication:

"Range" section

"Crops and Pasture" section

"Engineering" and "Soil Properties" sections

1359—Devildog-Gardenvalley-Qwynn association

Map Unit Setting

MLRA: 29

Landscape: Fan piedmont Elevation: 5,050 to 6,000 Precipitation: 6 to 10 inches

Air temperature: 50 to 53 degrees Fahrenheit

Frost-free period: 110 to 150 days

Composition

Devildog very gravelly ashy coarse sandy loam, 0 to 4 percent slopes—35 percent Gardenvalley gravelly fine sandy loam, 0 to 4 percent slopes—30 percent Qwynn gravelly coarse sandy loam, 0 to 4 percent slopes—25 percent Lojet coarse sandy loam, 2 to 4 percent slopes—5 percent Littleailie gravelly sandy loam, 0 to 4 percent slopes—5 percent

Component Description

Devildog and similar soils

Landform: Inset fans Slope: 0 to 4 percent

Parent material: Alluvium derived from welded tuff with additions of volcanic ash

Typical vegetation: Indian ricegrass, desert needlegrass, needleandthread, galleta, other perennial grasses, Wyoming big sagebrush, fourwing saltbush, winterfat, other shrubs

Typical profile:

Surface rock fragments: About 15 percent gravel

Layer 1—0 to 4 inches; very gravelly ashy coarse sandy loam Layer 2—4 to 12 inches; gravelly ashy coarse sandy loam

Layer 3—12 to 38 inches; stratified extremely gravelly coarse sand to very gravelly coarse sandy loam

Layer 4-38 to 60 inches; gravelly ashy sandy clay loam

See "Chemical Soil Properties" table and the "Physical Soil Properties" table for more information.

Component Properties and Qualities

Runoff: Low

Saturated hydraulic conductivity class (root zone): Moderately High, (Permeability class: Moderate)

Available water capacity: About 5 inches

Present flooding: Rare Present ponding: None

Natural drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained

Interpretive Groups

Nonirrigated land capability: 6c

Ecological site: R029XY049NV—Sandy loam 8-12 P.Z.

Component Description

Gardenvalley and similar soils

Landform: Fan skirts Slope: 0 to 4 percent

Parent material: Alluvium derived from welded tuff and minor amounts of limestone

Typical vegetation: Indian ricegrass, galleta, bud sagebrush, fourwing saltbush, winterfat, other shrubs

Typical profile:

Surface rock fragments: About 30 percent gravel Layer 1—0 to 3 inches; gravelly fine sandy loam Layer 2—3 to 16 inches; very fine sandy loam Layer 3—16 to 44 inches; fine sandy loam

Layer 4-44 to 62 inches; very gravelly loamy sand

See "Chemical Soil Properties" table and the "Physical Soil Properties" table for more information.

Component Properties and Qualities

Runoff: Very low

Saturated hydraulic conductivity class (root zone): High, (Permeability class: Moderate)

Available water capacity: About 7 inches

Present flooding: None Present ponding: None

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Interpretive Groups

Nonirrigated land capability: 6s

Ecological site: R029XY042NV—Coarse silty 5-8 P.Z.

Component Description

Qwynn and similar soils

Landform: Fan remnants Slope: 0 to 4 percent Parent material: Alluvium derived from welded tuff with minor amounts of volcanic ash and alluvium derived from limestone

Typical vegetation: Indian ricegrass, desert needlegrass, needleandthread, other perennial grasses, Wyoming big sagebrush

Typical profile:

Surface rock fragments: About 10 percent fine gravel, 15 percent gravel

Layer 1—0 to 3 inches; gravelly coarse sandy loam

Layer 2-3 to 28 inches; gravelly sandy loam

Layer 3-28 to 52 inches; gravelly sandy clay loam

Layer 4-52 to 70 inches; very gravelly coarse sandy loam

See "Chemical Soil Properties" table and the "Physical Soil Properties" table for more information.

Component Properties and Qualities

Runoff: Low

Saturated hydraulic conductivity class (root zone): Moderately High, (Permeability class: Moderate)

Available water capacity: About 6 inches

Present flooding: Very rare Present ponding: None

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Interpretive Groups

Nonirrigated land capability: 6c

Ecological site: R029XY006NV—Loamy 8-10 P.Z.

Typical soil descriptions including ranges in characteristics are in the "Classification of the Soils" section.

Contrasting Inclusions

Lojet and similar soils

Composition: 0 to 5 percent Slope: 2 to 4 percent Landform: Fan remnants

Typical vegetation: Indian ricegrass, desert needlegrass, needleandthread, other perennial grasses, Wyoming big

sagebrush

Ecological site: R029XY006NV—Loamy 8-10 P.Z.

Littleailie and similar soils

Composition: 0 to 5 percent Slope: 0 to 4 percent

Landform: Fan remnants

Typical vegetation: Indian ricegrass, needleandthread, galleta, other perennial grasses, sand dropseed, other perennial

forbs, black sagebrush, fourwing saltbush, winterfat, other shrubs Ecological site: R029XY008NV—Shallow calcareous loam 8-12 P.Z.

Management

For information about managing this map unit, see the following sections and associated tables of this publication:

"Range" section

"Engineering" and "Soil Properties" sections

1360—Veet-Armespan association

Map Unit Setting

MLRA: 29

Landscape: Fan piedmont Elevation: 5,950 to 6,100 Precipitation: 8 to 12 inches

Air temperature: 49 to 54 degrees Fahrenheit

Frost-free period: 100 to 130 days

Composition

Veet very gravelly sandy loam, dry, 0 to 4 percent slopes—70 percent Armespan gravelly sandy loam, warm, 2 to 8 percent slopes—20 percent Penoyer very fine sandy loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes—5 percent

Ravendog loam, 2 to 4 percent slopes—5 percent

Component Description

Veet and similar soils

Landform: Fan skirts Slope: 0 to 4 percent

Parent material: Alluvium derived from welded tuff

Typical vegetation: Indian ricegrass, desert needlegrass, needleandthread, other perennial grasses, Wyoming big

sagebrush

Typical profile:

Layer 1—0 to 4 inches; very gravelly sandy loam Layer 2—4 to 16 inches; very gravelly sandy loam

Layer 3—16 to 60 inches; stratified very gravelly loamy coarse sand to extremely gravelly sandy loam

See "Chemical Soil Properties" table and the "Physical Soil Properties" table for more information.

Component Properties and Qualities

Runoff: Low

Saturated hydraulic conductivity class (root zone): Moderately High, (Permeability class: Moderate)

Available water capacity: About 3 inches

Present flooding: Rare Present ponding: None

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Interpretive Groups

Nonirrigated land capability: 7s

Ecological site: R029XY006NV—Loamy 8-10 P.Z.

Component Description

Armespan and similar soils

Landform: Beach terraces Slope: 2 to 8 percent

Parent material: Alluvium derived from limestone, sandstone, and shale

Typical vegetation: Indian ricegrass, needleandthread, other perennial grasses, other perennial forbs, black sagebrush,

other shrubs

Typical profile:

Surface rock fragments: About 35 percent gravel Layer 1—0 to 3 inches; gravelly sandy loam

Layer 2-3 to 11 inches; gravelly sandy loam Layer 3-11 to 22 inches; very gravelly sandy loam Layer 4-22 to 60 inches; very gravelly loamy sand

See "Chemical Soil Properties" table and the "Physical Soil Properties" table for more information.

Component Properties and Qualities

Runoff: Very low

Saturated hydraulic conductivity class (root zone): High, (Permeability class: Moderately rapid)

Available water capacity: About 4 inches

Present flooding: None Present ponding: None

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Interpretive Groups

Nonirrigated land capability: 7s

Ecological site: R029XY008NV—Shallow calcareous loam 8-12 P.Z.

Typical soil descriptions including ranges in characteristics are in the "Classification of the Soils" section.

Contrasting Inclusions

Penoyer and similar soils

Composition: 0 to 5 percent Slope: 0 to 1 percent Landform: Lake plains

Typical vegetation: Indian ricegrass, other perennial grasses, bud sagebrush, winterfat, other shrubs

Ecological site: R029XY020NV—Silty 5-8 P.Z.

Ravendog and similar soils

Composition: 0 to 5 percent Slope: 2 to 4 percent Landform: Fan skirts

Typical vegetation: Indian ricegrass, needleandthread, basin wildrye, western wheatgrass, other perennial grasses, other

perennial forbs, Wyoming big sagebrush, other shrubs

Ecological site: R029XY114NV—Loamy fan 8-10 P.Z.

Management

For information about managing this map unit, see the following sections and associated tables of this publication:

"Range" section

"Crops and Pasture" section

"Engineering" and "Soil Properties" sections

1362—Amtoft-Kyler association

Map Unit Setting

MLRA: 28A

Landscape: Mountains Elevation: 6,250 to 6,900 Precipitation: 8 to 12 inches

Air temperature: 48 to 52 degrees Fahrenheit

Frost-free period: 100 to 120 days

Composition

Kyler extremely cobbly loam, cool, 15 to 50 percent slopes—35 percent Amtoft very gravelly loam, dry, 15 to 50 percent slopes—30 percent Amtoft gravelly silt loam, 15 to 50 percent slopes—20 percent Eaglepass extremely stony loam, 15 to 50 percent slopes—5 percent Ungene gravelly loamy sand, 4 to 15 percent slopes—5 percent Rock outcrop, 15 to 50 percent slopes—5 percent

Component Description

Kyler and similar soils

Landform: Mountains, south aspect

Slope: 15 to 50 percent

Parent material: Residuum and colluvium derived from limestone and dolomite

Typical vegetation: Indian ricegrass, needleandthread, galleta, Sandberg bluegrass, other perennial grasses, other

perennial forbs, black sagebrush, shadscale, winterfat, other shrubs

Typical profile:

Layer 1—0 to 3 inches; extremely cobbly loam Layer 2—3 to 11 inches; very gravelly loam

Layer 3—11 to 15 inches; bedrock

See "Chemical Soil Properties" table and the "Physical Soil Properties" table for more information.

Component Properties and Qualities

Runoff: Very high

Depth to restrictive feature: Lithic bedrock: 6 to 14 inches

Saturated hydraulic conductivity class (root zone): Moderately High, (Permeability class; Moderate)

Available water capacity: About 0.9 inch

Present flooding: None Present ponding: None

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Interpretive Groups

Nonirrigated land capability: 7s

Ecological site: R028AY004NV-Shallow calcareous slope 8-10 P.Z.

Component Description

Amtoft and similar soils

Landform: Upper mountains, north aspect

Slope: 15 to 50 percent

Parent material: Residuum weathered from limestone, sandstone, and shale

Typical vegetation: Indian ricegrass, galleta, other perennial grasses, other perennial forbs, black sagebrush, other

shrubs, Utah juniper

Typical profile:

Layer 1—0 to 3 inches; very gravelly loam Layer 2—3 to 11 inches; very gravelly loam

Layer 3—11 to 15 inches; bedrock

See "Chemical Soil Properties" table and the "Physical Soil Properties" table for more information.

Component Properties and Qualities

Runoff: Very high

Depth to restrictive feature: Lithic bedrock: 10 to 20 inches

Lincoln County, Nevada, North Part

1340 Heist association

Settina

Landscape: Fan piedmonts Elevation: 5950 to 7050 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 8 to 12 inches Mean annual air temperature: 46 to 50 degrees F

Frost-free period: 100 to 135 days

Composition

Heist and similar soils: 45 percent Heist and similar soils: 40 percent Minor components: 15 percent

Description of Heist

Settina

Landform: Fan skirts Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Alluvium derived from welded tuff and some limestone

Properties and Qualities

Slope: 2 to 8 percent Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High (1.98 to 5.95 in/hr)

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate maximum: 5 percent Gypsum maximum: 0 percent Sodium adsorption ratio maximum: 5.0

Available water capacity: Low (about 5.8 inches)

Interpretive Groups Land capability (non irrigated): 7e

Ecological site: LOAMY 8-10 P.Z. (R028AY015NV)

Typical Profile

0 to 8 inches: loamy sand 8 to 20 inches: fine sandy loam 20 to 60 inches: fine sandy loam

Description of Heist

Setting

Landform: Fan skirts Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Alluvium derived from welded tuff and some limestone

Properties and Qualities

Slope: 0 to 4 percent Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High (1.98 to 5.95 in/hr)

Frequency of flooding: None

Frequency of ponding: None
Calcium carbonate maximum: 5 percent Gypsum maximum: 0 percent Sodium adsorption ratio maximum: 5.0

Available water capacity: Low (about 5.8 inches)

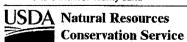
Interpretive Groups

Land capability (non irrigated): 7e

Ecological site: LOAMY FAN 8-10 P.Z. (R028AY031NV)

Typical Profile

0 to 8 inches: loamy sand



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Lincoln County, Nevada, North Part

8 to 20 inches: fine sandy loam 20 to 60 inches: fine sandy loam

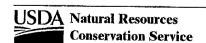
Minor Components

Ravendog soils

Percent of map unit: 8 percent Landform: Drainageways Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Concave Ecological site: LOAMY 10-12 P.Z. (R028AY095NV)

Ravendog soils

Percent of map unit: 7 percent
Landform: Drainageways
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Concave
Ecological site: LOAMY FAN 8-10 P.Z. (R028AY031NV)



Western White Pine County Area, Nevada, Parts of White Pine and Eureka Counties

179 Tulase-Pern association

Setting

Elevation: 6000 to 6500 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 9 to 11 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 48 degrees F

Frost-free period: 100 to 120 days

Composition

Tulase and similar soils: 60 percent Pern and similar soils: 30 percent Minor components: 1 percent

Description of Tulase

Setting

Landform: Inset fans Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Properties and Qualities

Slope: 2 to 4 percent

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high or high (0.57 to 1.98 in/hr)

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate maximum: 15 percent

Gypsum maximum: 0 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio maximum: 5.0

Available water capacity: High (about 10.8 inches)

Interpretive Groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 2e

Land capability (non irrigated): 6c

Ecological site: LOAMY FAN 8-12 P.Z. (R028BY045NV)

Typical Profile

0 to 2 inches: silt loam 2 to 60 inches: silt loam

Description of Pern

Setting

Landform: Inset fans Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Properties and Qualities

Slope: 0 to 2 percent Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high or high (0.57 to 1.98 in/hr)

Frequency of flooding: Rare Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate maximum: 5 percent

Gypsum maximum: 0 percent

Available water capacity: High (about 12.0 inches)

Interpretive Groups

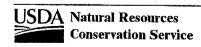
Land capability classification (irrigated): 3c

Land capability (non irrigated): 6c

Ecological site: LOAMY BOTTOM 10-14 P.Z. (R028BY003NV)

Typical Profile

0 to 14 inches: silt loam 14 to 20 inches: silt loam 20 to 60 inches: silt loam



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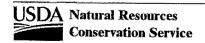
Western White Pine County Area, Nevada, Parts of White Pine and Eureka Counties

Minor Components

Devilsgait soils

Percent of map unit: 1 percent Landform: Flood plains Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Across-slope shape: Linear Ecological site: WET MEADOW 10-14 P.Z. (R028BY001NV)



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Tabular Data Version Date: 04/24/2007

Western White Pine County Area, Nevada, Parts of White Pine and Eureka Counties

534 **Duffer-Kolda association**

Setting

Elevation: 5800 to 6200 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 7 to 10 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 47 degrees F

Frost-free period: 100 to 120 days

Composition

Duffer and similar soils: 40 percent Duffer and similar soils: 30 percent Kolda and similar soils: 15 percent

Description of Duffer

Setting

Landform: Flood plains Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Properties and Qualities

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high (0.20 to 0.57 in/hr)

Depth to water table: About 36 to 60 inches

Frequency of flooding: Rare Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate maximum: 60 percent

Gypsum maximum: 5 percent

Salinity maximum: Slightly saline or moderately saline (8.0 to 16.0 mmhos/cm)

Sodium adsorption ratio maximum: 90.0

Available water capacity: High (about 12.0 inches)

Interpretive Groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 4w

Land capability (non irrigated): 6w Ecological site: SALINE BOTTOM (R028BY004NV)

Typical Profile

0 to 6 inches: silt loam 6 to 60 inches: silty clay loam

Description of Duffer

Setting

Landform: Flood plains Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Properties and Qualities

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Drainage class: Poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high (0.20 to 0.57 in/hr)

Depth to water table: About 18 to 36 inches

Frequency of flooding: Occasional Frequency of ponding: None
Calcium carbonate maximum: 60 percent

Gypsum maximum: 2 percent

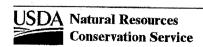
Salinity maximum: Moderately saline or strongly saline (16.0 to 32.0 mmhos/cm)

Sodium adsorption ratio maximum: 90.0 Available water capacity: High (about 12.0 inches)

Interpretive Groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 4w

Land capability (non irrigated): 7w Ecological site: SALINE MEADOW (R028BY002NV)



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Western White Pine County Area, Nevada, Parts of White Pine and Eureka Counties

Typical Profile

0 to 6 inches: silt loam 6 to 60 inches: silty clay loam

Description of Kolda

Setting

Landform: Flood plains Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Properties and Qualities

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Drainage class: Very poorly drained
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low or moderately high (0.06 to 0.20 in/hr)
Depth to water table: About 0 to 18 inches
Frequency of flooding: None

Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate maximum: 40 percent

Gypsum maximum: 0 percent

Salinity maximum: Very slightly saline or slightly saline (4.0 to 8.0 mmhos/cm)

Available water capacity: High (about 10.5 inches)

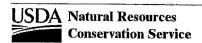
Interpretive Groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 6w Land capability (non irrigated): 7w

Ecological site: WET MEADOW 10-14 P.Z. (R028BY001NV)

Typical Profile

0 to 6 inches: silt loam 6 to 22 inches: silt loam 22 to 60 inches: clay



Lincoln County, Nevada, North Part

1280 Badena very cobbly loam, 2 to 8 percent slopes

Setting

Landscape: Fan piedmonts Elevation: 6250 to 7350 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 10 to 14 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 48 degrees F

Frost-free period: 90 to 110 days

Composition

Badena and similar soils: 90 percent Minor components: 10 percent

Description of Badena

Settina

Landform: Fan remnants Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Alluvium derived from quartzite

Properties and Qualities

Slope: 2 to 15 percent

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high (0.20 to 0.57 in/hr)

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate maximum: 0 percent

Gypsum maximum: 0 percent

Available water capacity: Low (about 3.3 inches)

Interpretive Groups

Land capability (non irrigated): 7s

Ecological site: LOAMY 10-12 P.Z. (R028AY095NV)

Typical Profile

0 to 5 inches: very cobbly fine sandy loam

5 to 10 inches: very cobbly loam

10 to 25 inches: extremely cobbly sandy clay loam 25 to 60 inches: extremely cobbly loamy coarse sand

Minor Components

Badena soils

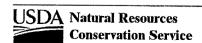
Percent of map unit: 7 percent Landform: Fan remnants Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Convex

Ecological site: GRAVELLY LOAM 12-14 P.Z. (R028AY066NV)

Zafod soils

Percent of map unit: 3 percent Landform: Fan remnants Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave

Ecological site: LOAMY 10-12 P.Z. (R028AY095NV)



Lincoln County, Nevada, North Part

1310 **Duffer-Kolda association**

Setting

Landscape: Basin floors Elevation: 6400 to 6750 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 7 to 10 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 50 degrees F

Frost-free period: 100 to 120 days

Composition

Duffer and similar soils: 40 percent Duffer and similar soils: 30 percent Kolda and similar soils: 15 percent Minor components: 15 percent

Description of Duffer

Setting

Landform: Flood plains Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Loess, alluvium and lacustrine deposits from mixed rock sources

Properties and Qualities

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high (0.20 to 0.57 in/hr)
Depth to water table: About 18 to 36 inches

Frequency of flooding: Occasional Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate maximum: 60 percent

Gypsum maximum: 5 percent

Salinity maximum: Slightly saline or strongly saline (8.0 to 32.0 mmhos/cm)

Sodium adsorption ratio maximum: 90.0 Available water capacity: High (about 11.7 inches)

Interpretive Groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 4w

Land capability (non irrigated): 7w

Ecological site: SALINE BOTTOM (R028BY004NV)

Typical Profile

0 to 11 inches: silt loam

11 to 48 inches: silty clay loam 48 to 66 inches: stratified very fine sandy loam to silty clay loam

Description of Duffer

Setting

Landform: Flood plains Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Loess, alluvium and lacustrine deposits from mixed rock sources

Properties and Qualities

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Drainage class: Poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high (0.20 to 0.57 in/hr)

Depth to water table: About 18 to 36 inches

Frequency of flooding: Frequent Frequency of ponding: None

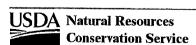
Calcium carbonate maximum: 60 percent

Gypsum maximum: 5 percent

Salinity maximum: Slightly saline or strongly saline (8.0 to 32.0 mmhos/cm)

Sodium adsorption ratio maximum: 90.0

Available water capacity: High (about 11.7 inches)



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Lincoln County, Nevada, North Part

Interpretive Groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 4w

Land capability (non irrigated): 7w
Ecological site: SALINE MEADOW (R028BY002NV)

Typical Profile

0 to 11 inches: silt loam 11 to 48 inches: silty clay loam

48 to 66 inches: stratified very fine sandy loam to silty clay loam

Description of Kolda

Setting

Landform: Lake plains Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Alluvium over lacustrine deposits derived from mixed rock sources

Properties and Qualities

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Drainage class: Very poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low or moderately high (0.06 to 0.20 in/hr)

Depth to water table: About 0 to 18 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate maximum: 40 percent

Gypsum maximum: 0 percent

Salinity maximum: Very slightly saline or slightly saline (4.0 to 8.0 mmhos/cm)

Sodium adsorption ratio maximum: 12.0

Available water capacity: High (about 10.5 inches)

Interpretive Groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 6w

Land capability (non irrigated): 7w Ecological site: WET MEADOW 10-14 P.Z. (R028BY001NV)

Typical Profile

0 to 6 inches: silt loam 6 to 22 inches: silt loam 22 to 60 inches: clay

Minor Components

Sheffit soils

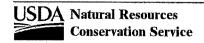
Percent of map unit: 10 percent Landform: Lake plains Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

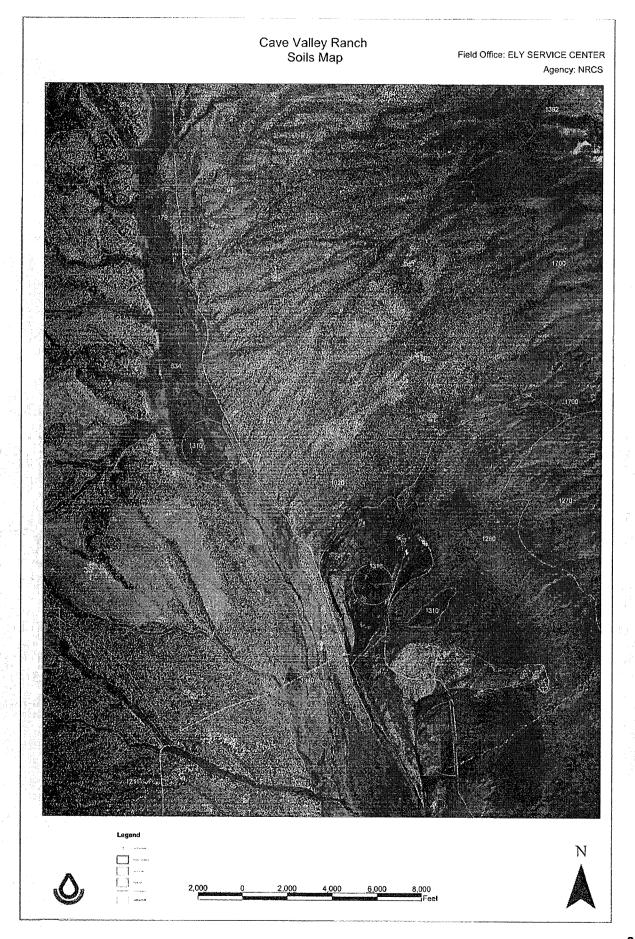
Ecological site: SODIC TERRACE 8-10 P.Z. (R028BY028NV)

Boofuss soils

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Lake plains Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: SODIC FLAT 5-8 P.Z. (R028BY020NV)





Cave Valley Ranch Planned Irrigation System Field Office: ELY SERVICE CENTER Agency: NRCS

